

LEAP-RE

Research and Innovation Action (RIA)

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 963530

Start date: 2020-10-01 Duration: 72 Months http://www.leap-re.eu/



List of the EV African Network members

Authors: Mathilde VIDELO (LGI), Dr Karita Luokkanen-Rabetino and Dr Nebiyu Girgibo (University of Vaasa); Dr Cleophas Achisa Mecha and Sir, Prof. Ambrose Kiprop (Moi University); Dr Murape Munyaradzi (Botswana International University of Science and Technology); Prof. Getachew Adam Workneh; Dr Misrak Girma; Dr Abebe Worku and Mr. Tsegaye Sissay (Addis Ababa Science and Technology University); Dr Hillary Kasedde; Mr. Kasim Kumakech and Prof. John Baptist Kirabira (Makerere University)

LEAP-RE - Contract Number: 963530

Project officer: Maria-Laura TRIFILETTI"

Document title	List of the EV African Network members		
Author(s)	Mathilde VIDELO, Dr Karita Luokkanen-Rabetino and Dr Nebiyu Girgibo (University of Vaasa); Dr Cleophas Achisa Mecha and Sir, Prof. Ambrose Kiprop (Moi University); Dr Murape Munyaradzi (Botswana International University of Science and Technology); Prof. Getachew Adam Workneh; Dr Misrak Girma; Dr Abebe Worku and Mr. Tsegaye Sissay (Addis Ababa Science and Technology University); Dr Hillary Kasedde; Mr. Kasim Kumakech and Prof. John Baptist Kirabira (Makerere University)		
Number of pages	12		
Document type	Deliverable		
Work Package	WP14		
Document number	D14.7		
Issued by	LGI		
Date of completion	2025-10-28 11:20:46		
Dissemination level	Public		

Summary

The current text that has been compiled is the current deliverable that shows the list of Energy Village African Network (EVAN). That must be developed if the available funding is able to be found. The list of members and stakeholders needed as a first group for EVAN network. The aims of EVAN network are: 1) building a continuous collaboration between EU and AU in RE and 2) solve conflicts and problems appearing in using renewable energy within and across nations, e.g. hydropower rivers passing across nations. Additional sub aims are: 1) Establish a central point where every member talk, discuss and ask about EV. 2) Help members and others in challenges faced during implement the EV concept in their locations/villages. 3) Collaborate and jointly publish journal articles concerning the development of RE in EU and AU. 4) Find future project funding and jointly apply future projects. Moreover, 5) communicate about each member institutions activities to other member to establish possible collaborations. The main objectives of EVAN are: 1) Organize continuous communication means such as webinars, newsletter, and meetings etc. 2) The University of Vaasa can be the central point where to discuss the RE issues both in EU and AU and for online events or website keeper. 3) Assign members to help locals in their project implementation challenges mainly in EV projects, and 4) Organizing joint publication, future funding applications, and communications can be done during these discussions and/or events along with the members and others. The challenge concerns the development of African nations related to Energy development has been written in the article of LEAP-RE: WP14. To resolved this challenge this EVAN network is very important in the development of Africa and the four countries can be a perfect example.

Approval	
Date	Ву
2025-10-21 16:45:42	Nebiyu GIRGIBO (UVA)
2025-10-28 11:22:55	Léonard LéVêQUE (LGI)



Research & Innovation Action

September 2025

D14.7- List of the EV African Network members

as a deliverable 14.7 for WP14

Version - Final

Authors:

Dr Karita Luokkanen-Rabetino and Dr Nebiyu Girgibo (University of Vaasa)
Dr Cleophas Achisa Mecha and Sir, Prof. Ambrose Kiprop (Moi University)
Dr Murape Munyaradzi (Botswana International University of Science and Technology)
Prof. Getachew Adam Workneh; Dr Misrak Girma; Dr Abebe Worku and Mr. Tsegaye Sissay (Addis Ababa Science and Technology University)
Dr Hillary Kasedde; Mr. Kasim Kumakech and Prof John Baptist Kirabira (Makerere University)





Disclaimer

The content of this report reflects only the author's view. The European Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.



Document information

Grant Agreement	963530				
Project Title	Long-Term Joint EU-AU Research and Innovation Partnership on Renewable Energy				
Project Acronym	LEAP-RE				
Project Coordinator	Vincent Chauvet - LGI				
Project Duration	1st October 2020 – 30 September 2026 (72 Months)				
Related Work Package	WP14 Energy Village				
Related Task(s)	To List the EV African Network members				
Lead Organisation	UVA				
Contributing Partner(s)	BIUST, AASTU, MaK and UVA				
Due Date	2/1/2025				
Submission Date	10/6/2025				
Dissemination level	Public				

History

Date	Version	Submitted by	Reviewed by	Comments
30-09-2024	V1	UVA	UVA	All partners
01.0212.02.2025	V1 - V5	MaK, UVA, AASTU, Moi, BIUST	UVA	All partners
28.02.2025, 19.09.2025, 06.10.2025	Final	UVA	All partners	All partners



Table of contents

1.	Introduction	8
2.	Aims, objectives, values and activities	8
	2.1. Aims	
	2.2. Objectives, vision and mission	
	2.3. Values	
	2.4. Key activities	
	List of stakeholders in Energy Village future plan	
	List of the EV African Network members and nations	
	Conclusions	
	bliography	





List of Tables

Table 1. The Energy Village Implementation Stakeholders and contact person those plants	anning
to join Energy Village African Network (EVAN) listed here	10



Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronym	Description				
WP	Work Package				
AASTU	Addis Ababa Science and Technology University				
BIUST	Botswana International University of Science and Technology				
DoE	Department of Energy				
EV	Energy Village				
EVAN	Energy Village African Network				
MU	Moi University				
МаК	Makerere University				
RE	Renewable Energy				
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals				
UVA	University of Vaasa				



Summary

This deliverable consists of Energy Village African Network (EVAN) potential members and stakeholders. The list of members (Table 2) and stakeholders (Table 1) for EVAN network are the starting first group list of members. Aims of EVAN network are: 1) building a continuous collaboration between EU and AU in RE and 2) solve conflicts and problems appearing in using renewable energy within and across nations if the network grows in content level, e.g. hydropower – rivers passing across nations. Additional sub aims are: 1) Establish a central point where every member talk, discuss and ask about EV. 2) Help members and others in challenges faced during implement the EV concept in their locations/villages. 3) Collaborate and jointly publish journal articles concerning the development of RE in EU and AU. 4) Find future project funding and jointly apply future projects. Moreover, 5) communicate about each member institutions activities to other member to establish possible collaborations.

The main objectives of EVAN are: 1) Organize continuous communication means such as webinars, newsletter, and meetings ...etc. 2) Allocate local members to help locals in their project implementation challenges mainly in EV projects, and 3) It will train young generation and works on capacity building by organizing joint publication, future funding applications, and communications can be done during these discussions and/or events along with the members and others. The challenge concerns the development of African nations related to Energy development has been written in the article of LEAP-RE: WP14. To resolve this challenge this EVAN network is very important in the development of Africa and the four countries can be a perfect example.

Keywords: Energy Village Network (EVAN); Renewable Technology; LEAP-RE; Stakeholders; African development; Energy Village



1. Introduction

The Energy Village African Network (EVAN) is planned to help African nations connect with European Nations (EU) in terms of Renewable Energy. Renewable energy resources are very useful for developing nations including African nations especially in rural areas. If one plans to spread renewable energy across developing nations, there has to be willingness of these rural areas in developing nations has to accept the solutions. A solution can be a solution only if the solution resources are available and there is a willingness among the solution provider and receivers. The whole experience of LEAP-RE's Work package 14 is written, and submitted in Renewable Energy Journal and it is under review currently [Girgibo et al. (2025)]. The aim is designed to help African nations by creating a network to build a continuous collaboration. Next sections can show the aims, objectives, values and strategy below.

2. Aims, objectives, values and activities

2.1. Aims

The aims of EVAN network are: 1) building a continuous collaboration between EU and AU in RE and 2) solve conflicts and problems appearing in using renewable energy sources within and across nations if the network grows in content level, e.g. hydropower – rivers passing across nations. Additional sub aims are: 1) Establish a central point where every member talk, discusses and asks about EV. 2) Help members and others in challenges faced during implementation of the EV concept in their locations/villages. 3) Collaborate and jointly publish journal articles concerning the development of RE in EU and AU. 4) Find future project funding and jointly apply future projects. Moreover, 5) communicate about each member institutions activities to other member to establish possible collaborations.

2.2. Objectives, vision and mission

The main objectives of EVAN are: 1) Organize continuous communication means such as webinars, newsletter, and meetings ...etc. 2) Creates collaboration between local members to help locals in their project implementation challenges mainly in EV projects, and 3) It will train young generation and works on capacity building by organizing joint publication, future funding applications, and communications can be done during these discussions and/or events along with the members and others.

The visions are: 1) helping member to establish 100% RE solutions in the local locations and 2) create jobs, income sources for locals and money produced in the area should stay /circulate in local area. The missions are: 1) create a better world for the next generations;





and 2) establish, for the current and future generation, safe and sustainable renewable energy solutions.

2.3. Values

The values are: 1) <u>Spreading renewable energy knowledge</u>: for EVAN spreading knowledge to the locals with what kind of possible natural energy resources they have. How to spread the knowledge of renewable energy is important and shall have the highest priority. That is not only helping the locals. but they will contribute to safeguarding the environment and reduce climate change effects. 2) <u>Influencing local</u>; national policies and policy actions: for EVAN filling the gap between locals, the policy-makers and/or government officials is the other highest priority. This can be achieved by feeding back the locals need and resources to policy-makers and/or government officials in local and national level.

3) To provide and spread local RE knowledge and resources for investors, enterprisers and projects: for EVAN meeting local needs with RE technology installations is very important. This is possibly achieved by inviting those able invest, start business and/or projects in those locals' areas. Therefore, the local area residents are able to benefit from the previous projects results and identified local renewable resources. Moreover, 4) increase local RE resources and weather data availability: for EVAN one way to meet locals' needs is by organizing local RE resource potential and weather data for those who can contribute, influence and invest in local need and benefit the local as well their targets.

2.4. Key activities

The achieve its objectives, EVAN must plan and arrange several activities to establish continuous communication and collaborations between members and stakeholders, for example by emails, arranging meetings, seminars, webinars and further by building its own website. The *main activities* of EVAN are to 1) Organize webinars to update the progress in RE,2) Organize trainings for RE in Africa, 3) Apply funding jointly, 4) Write journal articles or reports jointly, 5) Educate or train students, staff member and locals with upgrading the collaborations, and 6) Other research and site visit collaborations.

The activities concerning *network creation* includes 1) Releasing news from time to time about the EVAN network to attract more members, 2) Generating ideas to update the network, and 3) Organizing meetings only for the EVAN network to update it and keep it going.

The activities to *maintain continues communication* includes 1) monthly emails to members about the network progress and members' activities, 2) meetings and webinars for





members and non-members can be organized by inviting other African and other nations' experts.

In order to activate the network, one organization should take the coordinator role, allocate some time and resources to coordinate activities, involve stakeholders and members, and establish communication channels (including website, newsletters, etc.).

3. List of stakeholders in Energy Village future plan

The list of stakeholders in Africa and Europe were collected for the Energy Village implementation and possible contact persons across Uganda, Addis Ababa, Botswana and Kenya were collected and listed here. This list of contacts can help to create the Energy Village African Wide Network (EVAN).

Table 1. The Energy Village Implementation Stakeholders and contact person those planning to join Energy Village African Network (EVAN) listed here.

Stakeholders	Contact person at least one				
	MaK, Uganda	AASTU, Ethiopia	BIUST, Botswana	Moi, Kenya	
			VDC-Precious		
Villagers			Taunyane		
		Wonji research center			
		Wonji, Adam, Ethiopia			
Wonji Sugar Factory (WSF)					
		Ministry of water and			
Ministry of Water and		energy			
Energy (MoWE)		Addis Ababa, Ethiopia			
Academia/Research			BIUST	KIRDI	
Institutions					
	Assistant Commissioner		Energy Affairs		
	Energy Efficiency		Plot 50676, Block C		
Ministry of Minerals and			Gaborone		
Energy					
Environmental Assessment	NEMA Uganda			NEMA	
Practitioners					
Funding Agencies			UNDP	GIZ	
/Financial Institutions/					
Sustainable Energy Centre		SE_CoE			
of Excellence (SE-CoE)		Addis Ababa, Ethiopia			
			Sustainable Energy	Moi University	
			Botswana		
			Solamatics Botswana		
Renewable Energy					
Companies			(Pty) Ltd		
Companies			BPC Palapye	KENGEN	
			Di Ci alapyc	KPLC	
National Utility Company				IN EC	
, , ,				Eng cromwell	
IT Companies					
Refugee Community	MAK				





Host Community	MAK		Land Overseer	
Government through the Office of the Prime Minister	Refugee Office, OPM, PLOT 9-11 APOLLO, KAGGWA, ROAD. P.O.Box: 341 Kampala, UGANDA		Edita overseer	
Design and Engineering Consultants	Senfkorn Energy 4th floor acacia mall, plot 14-18, Cooper, Road			Afriwatt
Local Authorities	Local council C/P		Serowe District Council	Uasin Gishu County
Government Agencies	Electricity Regulatory Authority, New ERA House, Plot 5C-1 Third Street, Lugogo Industrial Area P.O.Box: 10 332 Kampala, Uganda		Botswana Energy Regulatory Authority (BERA)	EPRA REREC
Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)	The Officer-in-Charge of Sub-Office at Arua Street Address: Plot 66/67, Weatherhead Park Lane, Arua, Uganda Mailing Address: P.O.Box: 847, Arua, Uganda			Catholic diocese of Eldoret Diocese of Mainz (Germany)
Davis and Chiraliff DLC		Devis and Shirtliff Megenagna, Bole Ring Road, Infront of Nyala Motors Kal Building, Ground Floor P.O.Box: 170540,		
Devis and Shirtliff PLC Technology Providers and Equipment Suppliers		ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia		Afriwatt
Local Community Leaders Academic and Research Institutions			Chief	Elizabeth
Private Sector Partners				Afriwatt
Local Residents				
PI Electrochemical PLC		PI Electrochemical Addis Ababa, Ethiopia		
Maintenance and				Eng.
Operations Teams Renewable Energy Providers				Eng.
Technology Providers Residents and Community Members				Eng.





4. List of the EV African Network members and nations

The list of members in Africa and Europe were collected for the Energy Village implementation and possible across Uganda, Addis Ababa, Botswana and Kenya were collected and listed here. This list of contacts can help to create the Energy Village African Wide Network (EVAN) if possible funding is found for future projects. Hence, it is not compliant with GDPR to deliver the personnel names it kept hidden.

5. Conclusions

This Energy Village African Network (EVAN) is important in creating a better world in establishing the aims of the network. The aims of EVAN network are: 1) building a continuous collaboration between EU and AU in RE and 2) solve conflicts and problems appearing in using renewable energy within and across nations if the network grows in content level, e.g. hydropower – rivers passing across nations. The African wide network focusing on Energy villages and renewable energy, has great potential for helping to get more funding for Africa, where finance shortage is a bottleneck in African projects and implementation. This network not only aims to fix the funding problems, but also aims to build collaboration between EU and AU. Doing so each initiative of individual village can help all its communities. These communities must use RE to overcome their economic need; energy securities and other problems. The experience of LEAP-RE's WP14 shows us it is better that the local actors take active role for using to local renewable resources to help their own society to develop. From four countries 16 Energy Villages were identified and their communities can be helped by using Renewable Energy that shown well.

The challenge concerning the development of African nations related to Energy development has been written in of the article written and submitted to international journal by the LEAP-RE: WP14 members. To resolve this challenge this EVAN network is very important in the development of Africa and the four countries can be a perfect example.

Bibliography

Girgibo et al. (2025). The development and future direction of renewable energy in Africa. Submitted to Elsevier – Renewable Energy.

